

**Exercise 10.1**

For the purposes of this exercise I will denote the complex number

$z = x + iy$  by the ordered pair  $(x, y)$

If  $z_1 = (x_1, y_1)$  and  $z_2 = (x_2, y_2)$  are any two complex numbers then we can define addition and multiplication of complex numbers as follows:

$$z_1 + z_2 \text{ is } (x_1 + x_2, y_1 + y_2) \quad (1)$$

$$z_1 z_2 \text{ is } (x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2, x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1) \quad (2)$$

If we take the situation where  $z_1 = (-1, 0)$  then using (2) we can write:

$$(-1, 0) \cdot z_2 = (-x_2, -y_2) = -x_2 - iy_2 = -z_2$$

We can now define subtraction as follows:

$$z_1 - z_2 = z_1 + (-z_2) = (x_1, y_1) + (-x_2, -y_2) = (x_1 - x_2, y_1 - y_2)$$

and division as follows:

Consider  $z_3 = z_1 z_2$ , then using (2) we can write

$$(x_3, y_3) = (x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2, x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1)$$

and so  $x_3 = x_1 x_2 - y_1 y_2$  and  $y_3 = x_1 y_2 + x_2 y_1$

If we now solve these equations for  $x_2$  and  $y_2$  we obtain

$$x_2 = \frac{x_1 x_3 + y_1 y_3}{x_1^2 + y_1^2} \text{ and } y_2 = \frac{x_1 y_3 - y_1 x_3}{x_1^2 + y_1^2}$$

This result allows us to define division as

$$z_2 = (x_2, y_2) = \frac{z_3}{z_1} = \left( \frac{x_1 x_3 + y_1 y_3}{x_1^2 + y_1^2}, \frac{x_1 y_3 - y_1 x_3}{x_1^2 + y_1^2} \right)$$